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Allie passes a flag every six seconds, and Alex passes a flag every five seconds. We can write equations for each of their distances since distance $=$ rate $\times$ time. Alex's distance will be $1 / 5 \times t$, where $t$ represents the time in seconds from when Alex starts skiing and the distance is measured in the number of flags passed. Allie's distance will be $1 / 6 \times(t+6)$, since she has a 6 second head start on Alex. To find when Alex will reach Allie, we can set the two expressions to be equal and solve for $t$.
$\left(\frac{1 \text { flag }}{5 \text { seconds }}\right) \times t$ seconds $=\left(\frac{1 \text { flag }}{6 \text { seconds }}\right) \times(t+6)$ seconds
$\frac{t}{5}=\frac{t+6}{6}$
$\frac{1}{5} t=\frac{1}{6} t+1$
$\left(\frac{1}{5}-\frac{1}{6}\right) t=1$
$\frac{1}{30} t=1$
$t=30$

Alex will reach Allie after $\mathbf{3 0}$ seconds.

Another way to solve this problem is to use a table to show distance verses time. Measuring time from when Alex starts skiing, we can fill in the following table.

| Distance (Flags) | Allie's Time (Seconds) | Alex's Time (Seconds) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 0 | 5 |
| 2 | 6 | 10 |
| 3 | 12 | 15 |
| 4 | 18 | 20 |
| 5 | 24 | 25 |
| 6 | 30 | 30 |

We see that Allie and Alex will both be at flag number six at $\mathbf{3 0}$ seconds.

